Page 2 of 15

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1-20. (Cancelled)

21. (Currently Amended) A pressure-sensitive adhesive material or a sealing material which has a three-dimensional structure and a defined cross-sectional contour,

wherein said material is present in a form of strings, strands or strips,

wherein said strings, strands or strips have a round, semicircular, oval, elliptical, triangular, quadrangular, V-shaped, polygonal or irregular cross-sectional contour and a surface that is bent, curved or provided with edges corresponding to said cross-sectional contour, and

wherein said material is produced by polymerization of a polymerizable mass eomprising-consisting of

at least one compound selected from the group consisting of

aromatic (meth)acrylates,

alicyclic (meth)acrylates, polycyclic (meth)acrylates,

heterocyclic (meth)acrylates, di-, tri- and higher (meth)acrylates,

epoxide acrylates,

epoxides, vinyl ethers, vinyl esters, and styrene, and

at least one other compound selected from the group consisting of

acrylic acid and/or methacrylic acid monomers,

a radiation sensitive initiator in an amount ranging from 0.0 to 5% wt. of the

Page 3 of 15

polymerizable mass,

an inorganic filler in an amount ranging from 0.0 to 10% wt. of the polymerizable mass,

a flame-proofing agent in an amount ranging from of 0.0 to 5% wt. of the polymerizable mass, and

a colorant in an amount ranging from 0.0 to 2% wt. of the polymerizable mass.

22. (Previously Presented) The material according to claim 21, wherein the compound is selected from the group consisting of benzyl (meth)acrylate, phenoxyethyl (meth)acrylate, tetrafurfuryl (meth)acrylate, and isobornyl (meth)acrylate.

23. (Cancelled)

24. (Previously Presented) The material according to claim 21, wherein the vinyl ester is vinyl acetate.

25. (Cancelled)

26. (Previously Presented) The material according to claim 21, wherein the epoxide is based on bisphenol A.

27. (Previously Presented) The material according to claim 21, wherein the epoxide acrylate is a homopolymer of glycidyl (meth)acrylate.

28. (Cancelled)

29. (Currently Amended) The material according to claim 28 claim 21, wherein the radiation-sensitive initiator is selected from the group consisting of 2-hydroxy-2methyl-1-phenyl-1-propanone, 1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl-phenyl-ketone, iodonium, (4-methylphenyl)[4-(2-methylpropyl)-phenyl]hexafluorophosphate(1-), 2-benzyl-2-(dimethylamino)-1-[4-(4-morpholinyl)phenyl]-1-butanone, a mixture of 50%-wt of 1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl-phenyl-ketone and 50%-wt of benzophenone, bis [2,6-difluoro-3-(1H-pyrrol-1-yl)phenyl]titanium, phosphine oxide phenyl-bis-(2,4,6-trimethyl benzoyl and 2-hydroxy-1-[4-2(hydroxyethoxy)phenyl]-2-methyl-1-propanone.

30-35. (Cancelled)

36. (Withdrawn) A method of permanently or releasably adhesively bonding of objects, comprising the step of:

applying the pressure sensitive adhesive materials according to claim 21 between the objects to be bonded.

Art Unit: 1771 Page 5 of 15

37. (Withdrawn) A method of sealing joints or flanged joints or panes, comprising

the step of:

applying the sealing materials according to claim 21 to the joints or the flanged joints or

the panes to be sealed.

38. (Previously Presented) The material according to claim 21, wherein the material

is present as rolled or continuous material.

39. (Previously Presented) The material according to claim 21, wherein said strings,

strands, or strips have a thickness of 0.5 to 10 mm.

40. (Previously Presented) The material according to claim 21, wherein a ratio of width

to height of said strings, strands, or strips having a quadrangular cross-sectional contour is in a

range of 1:1 to 1:3.

41. (Previously Presented) The material according to claim 21, wherein said strings,

strands or strips have a thickness of 0.5 to 50 mm.

42. (Currently Amended) The material according to claim 21, wherein said material is

produced by applying said polymerizable mass to an adhesive abhesive support in web form,

JMS/CTT/ktp

Page 6 of 15

said support having one or more depressions in a longitudinal direction of said support,

wherein said depressions have a pre-determined cross-sectional contour which substantially

determines said round, semi-circular, oval, elliptical, triangular, quadrangular, V-shaped,

polygonal or irregular cross-sectional contour of the material.

43. (Currently Amended) The material according to claim 21, wherein said material is

produced by:

the polymerization of a of the polymerizable mass comprising the at least one

compound selected from the group consisting of aromatic (meth)acrylates, alicyclic

(meth)acrylates, polycyclic (meth)acrylates, heterocyclic (meth)acrylates, di-, tri-, and higher

(meth)acrylates, epoxide acrylates, epoxies, vinyl ethers, vinyl esters, and styrene, and

filling said polymerizable mass into one or more tubular hollow bodies having an inner

cross-sectional contour which—substantially determines said round, semi-circular, oval,

elliptical, triangular, quadrangular, V-shaped, polygonal or irregular cross-sectional contour of

the material when the polymerizable mass is filled into the tubular hollow bodies and cured.

44. (Previously Presented) The material according to claim 42, wherein said

polymerizable mass has a viscosity in the range of 0.5 to 10 Pa·s.

45. (Previously Presented) The material according to claim 43, wherein said

polymerizable mass has a viscosity in the range of 0.5 to 10 Pa·s.

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